<u>REMARKS</u>

Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration of the present U.S. patent application.

Claims 1-17 and 19-21 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103. Claims 1-3, 7, 9, 13, 15, 17 and 20 have been amended. Claim 6 has been canceled. No claims have added. Therefore, claims 1-5, 7-17 and 19-21 remain pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

Rejections of Claims 1, 6 and 11-16 based on Taniguchi and Holt

Claims 1 and 11-16 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,162,756 issued to Taniguchi et al. (*Taniguchi*) in view of <u>Electronic Circuits</u> — <u>Digital and Analog</u> by Holt (*Holt*). Claim 6 has been canceled. Therefore, the rejection of claim 6 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 is moot. For at least the reasons set forth below, Applicant submits that claims 1 and 11-16 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*.

Claim 1 recites the following:

a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal;

a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier;

a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal; ...

Claim 15 is a method claim, and recites similar limitations.

Taniguchi discloses a high frequency signal power divider/combiner. See Fig. 2; col. 3, lines 7-16 and 55-56. The power divider/combiner includes six transmission lines (L₁-L₆) having lengths of one-quarter of the wavelength of the frequency of the signal passing through the transmission lines. See Fig. 2; col. 3, lines 17-23 and 37-38. In addition, the power divider/combiner uses four high frequency amplifiers (FETs) to amplify a high frequency input

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signal and obtain a high power, high frequency output signal. See Fig. 2; col. 3, lines 55-59; col. 9, lines 16-18.

Examiner notes that the first amplifier in *Taniguchi* receives a signal through transmission line L₃. See Office Action, page 2, lines 15-16. Moreover, according to the Examiner, transmission line L₄ of *Taniguchi* is "a first delay element that introduces a delay to the input signal and applies this to the input of a 'second' amplifier 'subsection' FET₂." See Office Action, page 2, lines 18-20.

As set forth above, transmission lines L₃ and L₄ in *Taniguchi* are both one-quarter wavelength transmission lines. Therefore, if Examiner believes transmission line L₄ is a delay element, then Examiner must believe that transmission line L₃ is a delay element. Consequently, based on Examiner's interpretation, *Taniguchi* discloses two FETs that are each receiving a delayed input signal. As a result, *Taniguchi* does not disclose a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal, as recited in claims 1 and 15. Thus, *Taniguchi* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15.

Examiner cites *Holt* for the proposition that it would have been obvious "to provide *Taniguchi* with a bias control circuit(s)/power supply circuits (level control circuits) that biases and supplies power to the first and second amplifiers such that non-linear operation is obtained for these amplifiers." See Office Action, page 3, lines 14-20. Examiner does not assert that *Holt* discloses a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby

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creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal.

Therefore, regardless of whether Examiner is correct regarding *Holt*, *Holt* fails to cure the deficiencies of *Taniguchi* pointed out by Applicant. Thus, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 13. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* for at least the reasons set forth above. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejections of claims 1 and 15 under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

Claims 11-14 depend from claim 1. Claim 16 depends from claim 15. Because dependent claims include the limitations of the claims from which they depend, Applicant submits that claims 11-14 and 16 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* for at least the reasons set forth above.

Rejections of Claims 2, 4, 17 and 20 based on Taniguchi, Holt and Cheng

Claims 2, 4, 17 and 20 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*, and further in view of Cheng et al., U.S. Patent Application No. 2002/0190790 (*Cheng*). For at least the reasons set forth below, Applicant submits that claims 2, 4, 17 and 20 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheng*.

As explained above, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* fails to disclose a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first

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amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal, as recited in claims 1 and 15.

Examiner cites *Cheung* with regard to selectively supplying bias voltages. See Office Action, page 4, lines 13-19. Examiner does not assert that *Cheng* discloses a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal. Therefore, regardless of whether Examiner is correct regarding *Cheung*, *Cheung* fails to cure the deficiencies of *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* pointed out by Applicant. Thus, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheung* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheung* for at least the reasons set forth above.

As a result, *Cheng* fails to cure the deficiencies of *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*. Thus, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheng* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheng* for at least the reasons set forth above.

Claims 2 and 4 depend from claim 1. Claims 17 and 20 depend from claim 15. Because dependent claims include the limitations of the claims from which they depend, Applicant submits that claims 2, 4, 17 and 20 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheng* for at least the reasons set forth above. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejections of claims 2, 4, 17 and 20 under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

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Rejection of Claim 21 based on Taniguchi, Holt, Cheng and Atwater

Claim 21 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Cheng*, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 4,189,732 issued to Atwater (*Atwater*). For at least the reasons set forth below, Applicant submits that claim 21 is not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*, *Cheng* and *Atwater*.

As explained above, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* fails to disclose a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal, as recited in claims 1 and 15.

Examiner cites Atwater with regard to a power supply circuit. See Office Action, page 4, line 24 - page 5, line 14. Examiner does not assert that Atwater discloses a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal. Therefore, regardless of whether Examiner is correct regarding Atwater, Atwater fails to cure the deficiencies of Taniguchi in view of Holt pointed out by Applicant. Thus, Taniguchi in view of Holt and Atwater fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by Taniguchi in view of Holt and Atwater for at least the reasons set forth above.

As a result, Atwater fails to cure the deficiencies of Taniguchi in view of Holt and Cheng.

Thus, Taniguchi in view of Holt, Cheng and Atwater fails to disclose at least one limitation of

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claim 15. Consequently, claim 15 is not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*, *Cheng* and Atwater for at least the reasons set forth above.

Claim 21 depends from claim 15. Because dependent claims include the limitations of the claims from which they depend, Applicant submits that claim 21 is not rendered obvious by Taniguchi in view of Holt, Cheng and Atwater for at least the reasons set forth above. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejection of claim 21 under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

Rejection of Claim 3 based on *Taniguchi*, *Holt*, and *Sevic*

Claim 3 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Taniguchi in view of Holt, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,069,525 issued to Sevic et al. (Sevic). For at least the reasons set forth below, Applicant submits that claim 3 is not rendered obvious by Taniguchi in view of Holt and Sevic.

As explained above, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* fails to disclose a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal, as recited in claims 1 and 15.

Examiner cites Sevic with regard to controlling both bias voltage and power supply voltage in response to an analog level control signal. See Office Action, page 5, lines 19-27. Examiner does not assert that Sevic discloses a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input

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signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal. Therefore, regardless of whether Examiner is correct regarding *Sevic*, *Sevic* fails to cure the deficiencies of *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* pointed out by Applicant. Thus, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Sevic* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Sevic* for at least the reasons set forth above.

As a result, Sevic fails to cure the deficiencies of Taniguchi in view of Holt. Thus, Taniguchi in view of Holt and Sevic fails to disclose at least one limitation of claim 1.

Consequently, claim 1 is not rendered obvious by Taniguchi in view of Holt and Sevic for at least the reasons set forth above.

Claim 3 depends from claim 1. Because dependent claims include the limitations of the claims from which they depend, Applicant submits that claim 3 is not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*, and *Sevic* for at least the reasons set forth above. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejection of claim 3 under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

Rejections of Claims 5, 7-10 and 19 based on Taniguchi, Holt and Atwater

Claims 5, 7-10 and 19 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*, and further in view of *Atwater*. For at least the reasons set forth below, Applicant submits that claims 5, 7-10 and 19 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Atwater*.

As explained above, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* fails to disclose a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input

signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal, as recited in claims 1 and 15.

Examiner cites Atwater with regard to a power supply circuit. See Office Action, page 6, lines 1-20. Examiner does not assert that Atwater discloses a first amplifier configured to receive an input signal, and in response, provide a first output signal, a first delay circuit configured to introduce a first delay to the input signal, thereby creating a delayed input signal, wherein the delayed input signal is delayed relative to the input signal received by the first amplifier, and a second amplifier configured to receive the delayed input signal, and in response, provide a first delayed output signal. Therefore, regardless of whether Examiner is correct regarding Atwater, Atwater fails to cure the deficiencies of Taniguchi in view of Holt pointed out by Applicant.

Thus, Taniguchi in view of Holt and Atwater fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by Taniguchi in view of Holt and Atwater for at least the reasons set forth above.

As a result, *Atwater* fails to cure the deficiencies of *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt*. Thus, *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Atwater* fails to disclose at least one limitation of claims 1 and 15. Consequently, claims 1 and 15 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt* and *Atwater* for at least the reasons set forth above.

Claims 5 and 7-10 depend from claim 1. Claim 19 depends from claim 15. Because dependent claims include the limitations of the claims from which they depend, Applicant submits that claims 5, 7-10 and 19 are not rendered obvious by *Taniguchi* in view of *Holt, Cheng* and *Atwater* for at least the reasons set forth above. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner withdraw the rejection of claims 5, 7-10 and 19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

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CONCLUSION

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicant submits that the rejections have been overcome. Therefore, claims 1-5, 7-17 and 19-21 are in condition for allowance and such action is respectfully solicited. The Examiner is respectfully requested to contact the undersigned by telephone if such contact would further the examination of the application.

Respectfully submitted,

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Joseph A. Pugh Reg. No. 52 137

TriQuint Semiconductor, Inc. 2300 NE Brookwood Parkway Hillsboro, OR 97124 (503) 615-9616